BOWEN-MERRILI LAST BOOK,

Containing 54 Poems With an Introduction by Gen. Lew Wallace

(If mailed, \$1.25.) - Edited by -

JOHN CLARK RIDPATH Poem by James Whitcomb Riley The Complete Work 98c

Anthor of "The Prince of India," "Ben-Hur," etc.

BOWEN-MERRILL.

TWO SOUTHERN GUNS

Senators Harris and Morgan Fire Hot Shot at the Repealers.

Both Make Strong Speeches in Behalf of Silver and Excite the Friends of the President.

MR. CLEVELAND'S NEW ALLIES

General Bragg's Famous Saying Changed by the Alabamian.

Davenport Defended and Denounced in the House During the Federal Election Law Debate. .

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29 .- Two of the most prominent members on the Democratic side addressed the Senate to-day in opposition to the bill repealing the silver purchasing clause of the Sherman act-Mr. Harris, of Tennessee, who took the ground that its passage meant the demonetization of silver, and Mr. Morgan, of Alabama, who ridiculed the proposition of an international agreement governing the coinage of silver, and made what he called an argument in favor of the constitutional rights of the people. There are now three unfinished speeches in the Senate, all on the side of the opponents of repeal-those of Senators

Teller, Peffer and Morgan. When the Senate convened this morning Mr. Cameron presented a petition, signed, he said, by 144 manufacturers, of Philadelphia, representing \$75,000,000 capital, employing 100,000 men, with a yearly product of \$150,000,000, in favor of legislation to preserve the protective character of the tariff and the integrity of silver as a money metal. The petition favors the admission of American silver bullion to coinage upon the payment by the owner of a seignorage, absorbing three-fourths of the difference between the London price of bullion and its value when coined. It was printed as a

document. The repeal bill was then taken up, and Mr. Harris addressed the Senate in opposition to it. He said the passage of the bill meant no more legal-tender silver dollars hereafter, and that silver should only be used as fractional currency, which meant practically the demonstization of silver for monometallism, the gold standard. He ridiculed the idea of maintaining the parity of gold and silver, which the substitute of the finance committee declares to be the policy of the government, when one metal was degraded by legislation and the other boomed. He favored the coinage of the entire American product of silver at any ratio to be agreed upon, saying that of 16 to 1 would be satisfactory.

Mr. Harris said he had always understood that Mr. Sherman believed, and had stated that the limited coinage provided for by the Bland-Allison act would bring the United States to a silver standard and drive gold out of the country. He would be glad to know that he was mistaken, and then he would indulge the hope that the Senator from Ohio would join him, at least to the extent of rehabilitating the Bland-Allison act, and going back to that amount of comage, if not more.

MR. SHERMAN REPLIES. Mr. Sherman said he believed, as he always had, that the continued purchase of silver, either under the Bland-Allison act or the act of 1990, would bring the country to a time when gold would disappear from circulation and silver would be the only standard. The free coinage of silver, in his opinion, would result in a silver standard. The act of 1890 would tend in the same direction, and in time would undoubtedly bring the country to a single silver standard. Therefore he tavored the abandonment of the system.

"The Senator from Onio thinks," asked Mr. Harris, "that the unlimited coinage of silver would drive gold out of the country and reduce us absolutely to a silver stand-"That is my opinion," was Mr. Sherman's

Then Mr. Harris asked if the Senator from Obio thought that the coinage of one or two millions would have that effect. Mr. Sherman thought it would in time, and the fear that the country was approaching that time was one of the troubles that were en-

countered this summer. Mr. Harris then quoted from a speech by Mr. Voorhees, delivered on Feb. 18, 1893, in which he said he would have voted to take no the Sherman bill prior to that but for the fact that its passage would "undoubtedly demonstrze silver, and leave it supported by not one word of legislation. I thought it an outrage to ask men like myself and others to absolutely sweep from under the silver currency every vestige of law. That is not what we want at Chicago." At that time Mr. Voorhees had said that while he would vote for the repeal of the Sherman act, "it must be with comething better." Mr. Harris said, while he knew Mr. Voorhees was a true bimetallist, he wanted to say to him that when he passed the repeal bill be, in effect, demonetized silver and "left it supported by no word or law." After its passage he would find that his present allies who were most earnest in their efforts to pass it, would be the most earnest, and active, and determined opponents of any measure which might be presented to any way utilize silver. "When the Senator from Indiana," said Mr. Harris, "shall have passed the bill, as probably he may, with the aid of the Republican vote and the Democratio contingent, he will find himself utterly powerless to enact any other law for the use of silver or the repeal of the 10 per cent, tax on State bank circulation, to increase the volume of money.

Most of those who aid him now want to

diminish the volume of money. Pass this bill, which will have accomplished their object, and then they will desert and opana. This is a trap in which I do not intend to be caught."

Senator Morgan's Address. Mr. Morgan then addressed the Senate. He began by a discussion of the probability of securing a treaty with Great Britain on the silver question, which he said was very remote. Outside of the question of probability, he had totally misconceived the treaty making power if it had the slightest control over a monetary question affecting the people of the United States. Congress alone, by virtue of the Constitution, had the power to provide for the coinage of money, and to regulate the value thereof. An international agreement in respect of monetary matters was an idle dream, a tub to a whale. It was impossible of execution and almost impossible of contemplation in a legal sense. In this critical period it would not do to offer such hopes as the solu-

tion of the trouble. Referring to the repeal bill, Mr. Morgan said: "Why this haste? Do you believe that these astute men | the New York bankso thoroughly possessed of knowledge upon every topic in any way connected with their affairs, are not wide awake to every aspect of the case? Congress had better undertake to secure something within the purview of its constitutional power. We had better again declare our independence of Great Britain and maintain it than to undertake by treaty agreement, finesse, caolery, flattery and the like to persuade Great Britain to allow us to legislate for our people in the way that a government

ought to legislate for its people. Mr. Allison observed that the United States had four times attempted to secure an international agreement.

"Yes," said Mr. Morgan, "and the Senator is now back from the recent conference, and it was agreed nothing could be done. The delegates of Great Britain attended the conference as if they were going to a debating society. They expressly said their action did not bind their government. The United States had expressed the desire for an international agreement until Great Britain and Europe had a contempt for it and they did not hesitate to say so. After four of these disappointments, while the American people, looking back into their bistory, see as in a mirror the blush of shame come to their cheeks because of their impotency, we are invited by these gentlemen who want to procrastinate in bringing about the relief to the people to go back and try again. We want independence. The battle has not been fought vet. We must be independent of Great Britain. They know it all. They are not deceived. They know there is need of haste. They fear a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States upon a case pending before that court (No. 15004) entitled 'George S. Merritt et al. vs. Charles Foster, Secretary of the Treasury." |This

is the silver brick case. HIS POSITION DEFENDED. After talking for two hours Mr. Morgan anddenly diverged from his legal argument, that the right of the owner of silver bullion to have it coined free and without limitation still existed, and said: "No man in office, however high; no man of wealth. however rich; no monopolist invested with power, however supreme and extensive; no man, whatever his powers may be, can exonerate me from the discharge of my duty to grant to the people all their constitutional rights, nor can any man crowd me into silence when I choose to speak. This is an arena in which have the honor to be one of the embassadors of a sovereign State, whose suffrage shall not be taken away from her without her consent, and where I have, if I have it anywhere in this world, the right of full and free speech. Although it may make the ears of charlatans sore to listen to me, although my words may burn them

like cinders, yet it is my duty here, in the presence of God and this august presence, and my duty to the State whose embassadorial credentials I hold, to stand here as I shall and defend the constitutional rights | Tammany hall. Mr. Warner having come my constituents, the citizens of Alabams, as long as in my poor judgment and, according to my conscience, a defense is appropriate and necessary. Nobody need to be astonished or surprised at the sluggishness of the Senate, nor should any one suppose that because they think they ought to have, and, having the influence, that thereupon I will subordinate myself like a cricket or a mouse, and ran into a crack and conceal myself from the august presence of authority. No. The least man in Alabama, the poorest negro in Alabama, is entitled to his constitutional rights at my hands, as much as the President of the United States. He shall have them if I know how to give

In a colloquy between Mr. Hawley and himself as to Mr. Cleveland, Mr. Morgan said the President seemed to represent both parties. He certainly represented the Senator from Connecticut, who was following him now.

"In one thing," said Mr. Hawley. "One thing, and for a short while. After a while you expect to cut loose from him." said Mr. Morgan, "and paddle you own canoe. I believe it was General Bragg who said in the convention at St. Louis that he | an unprincipled organization. loved Grover Cleveland for the enemies he had made, including, I suppose, the Senstor from Connecticut and all that class of eminent statesmen and politicians. Now, if the Democracy did not love him because of the friends he had made, it would be a bad day for Mr. Cleveland." And then he added, bitterly: "Temporary allies under a brief coalition and for a particular pur-

Mr. Morgan did not conclude his speech this evening, and, in reply to a question of Mr. Voorhees, said he would not go on in the morning. "I must take a little rest and come back to my mutton after awhile." [Laughter.] He said he had not yet couched, as he intended to touch, the provisions of the particular bill now before Congress. When occasion presented itself, unless cloture was brought forward, or some great calamity occurred, such as the breaking of a New York bank, he would say a little more. He was working under compulsion. If it was consistent for him to do so, he would not say a word, as he did not feel strong evough. It was hard work, but he did not feel that he could stand in the Senate ful see silver money killed in the way it was going to be killed without patting in a plea for the people.

Mr. Chandler again offered the resolution submitted by him last week, calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information as to the Fairchild investigation of the New York enstom house. It went over until to-morrow.

Mr. Dolph offered a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Interior for informa-

the House Yesterday.

Senate adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29 .- The debate on the bill to repeal the federal election laws in the House is slow in warming up. Interest to-day rather waned than waxed. Five very commonplace speeches, by Mesers, Lacey, Dearmond, Gillett, Wheeler and Blair, were delivered to-day to an audience that dissolved so rapidly that, if the debate had continued an hour longer, there would have been no one but the Speaker, the silver mace and the clock to listen to the oratory. When the House adjourned scarcely a dozen members were on the floor.

tion as to pensions paid to persons residing

abroad, and it also went over until to morrow. After a short executive session the

DEBATE ON THE TUCKER BILL.

Few Persons Listened to the 2 ceches in

Mr. Lacey was the first speaker. He characterized the measure as an unseemly bill, brought in at an unseemly time. This extraordinary session had been called on account of the financial condition of the country. Some thought that this had been brought about by the election of 1832; some thought that it had been brought about by the tariff. Instead of meeting the financial question as it should be met; instead of bringing forward a bill to revise the tariff, which the people were told was an atrocity, this bill was and wholly uncalled for. "For what reason was this action by the majority? There was a difference in the Democratic party over the silver question. It was necessary to do something to get the Democrats together, and the federal election repeal bill had been brought forward as the war cry around which the party could raily. This was the only purpose he could see for bringing the bill forward at this time. The pending measure should be entitled a bill "for the protection of corrap-tion and iniquity at elections." That would be its effect. Mr. Lacey then proceeded to criticise the election methods pursued in certain districts of South Caro-

Mr. Talbert denied the general tone of the gentleman's remarks. Mr. Lacey-I am glad the gentleman denies the tone of my remarks, instead of the acts. I am responsible for the tone of my remarks; the facts speak for themselves. [Laughter.] So far as the Republican party was concerned, the administration of these laws was to be in the hands of the Democrats for four years. But the Republicans would rather trust the Democratic party nationally than locally. He referred to the election frauds which, he asserted, occurred in New York city, and said that Chicago was rapidly emulating the New York way.

Mr. McLaurin denied the allegations made by the gentleman from Iowa relative to the elections in South Carolina. He denied that the negroes in that State were deprived of their rights. Some years ago there might have been trouble. But it was not the negro that had made the trouble; it was the carpet-bagger who had gone down South. When South Carolina had got rid of the carpet-baggers; when they had packed their bags and returned to Massachusetts and other Northern States, South Carolina had passed beneficial election laws. The people of South Carolina did not care whether the federal election laws were repealed or not. The only reason he was in favor of the repeal was he believed that the true way to build up this federal government and make it a grand government was to give the people at home a local self government.

A JAB AT CLEVELAND, Mr. Wilson, of Washington, inquired whether the gentleman was in favor of local self-government. Having received an affirmative reply, he [Mr. Wilson] inquired again as to the gentleman's opinion in regard to certain appointments recently made by the President.

Mr. McLaurin disclaimed having any authority over the President.

Mr. Wilson remarked that the President was sending in to the Senate nominations of Eastern men to office in North and South Dakota and other Western States. The people of those States wanted local selfgovernment. [Laughter.]

Mr. Dearmond, in advocating the repeal of the election laws, said that they had been enacted in order to repress intelligence in the South. They had been passed to put ignorance in power and to relieve intelligence. Interrupting Mr. Dearmond, Mr. Ray

said that the election laws had been passed with the help of many prominent Demoorate from New York, Mr. Dearmond inquired what the names of these Democrats were.

Mr. Ray said he could at this moment recall one name-that of Hon. S. S. Cox. There was not a single New York Democrat in the House, and so Mr. Wise, of Vir-

ginia, denied the statement, and declared that Mr. Cox had both spoken and voted against the passage of these laws. | Democratic applanse. Mr. Gillett spoke against the bill and referred to the beneficial effects which had resulted from the election laws in the city of New York, and he paid his respects to

to Tammany's defense, Mr. Gillett replied that he did not belong to a party which decided beforehand what was the proper size of a majority. Mr. Warner said that the Democrats obected to a gentleman | referring to Davenport and others) who belonged to the same party as the gentleman from Massachusetts. whose office it was to decide how large a

majority the Democrats should be allowed to give in New York. Mr. Gillett called attention to the Cox report, in which he said that the gentleman had declared that the working of the election laws was admirable, and had commended Mr. Davenport. The gentleman from New York [Mr. Fellows] had said a few days ago, in defending Tammany Hall. that if these laws were repealed the Democratic majority in New York would be increased by twenty thousand votes. Nobody accused Tammany of anything but the love of spoils. The gentleman had said that by the repeal of these laws the Democratic majority could be increased. In the opinion of the people the existence of Tammany Hall and its overshadowing influence was undesirable and dangerous. The large majority of the people believed that it was

Mr. Wheeler spoke in advocacy of the bill, and argued against the constitutionality of the laws which it was proposed to repeal.

Mr. Blair opposed the measure, but his remarks were very brief, as his throat was not in condition to make any extended speech. He found time, however, to pay a tribute to Mr. Davenport, whom he eniogized as being one of the ablest, most conscientions men who had ever administered the elections laws or any other laws. Mr. Blair then obtained leave to extend his remarks in the Record, and the House, at 4:85, adjourned.

National Convention of Spiritualists, CHICAGO, Sept. 29 .- At to-day's session of the national convention of spiritualists. the adoption of a constitution occupied almost the entire morning. Each article called forth many amendments, and much spirited debate and oppe 'ton. It was decided to incorporate the ociety at Washington and to hold annual conventions there on the second Tuesday of October in each year. Each society having a membership of over fifty will be entitled to send one delegate, and will be entitled to one for every additional one hundred members. The afternoon and evening sessions were taken up by speech making and addresses. and also by mediums.

Successful Raid on Moonshiners.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. KNOXVILLE, Tern., Sept. 29.-Revenue Collector C. M. Taylor returned here today from a successful raid on moonshiners. Two stills of sixty gallons each were destroyed on Cane creek, in Monroe county. Near Ruralvale an eighty-gallon still was destroyed. This was the largest contraband still in the State, and its product was disposed of at wholesale by agents in all parts of the country.

\$4.50- thicago and Return-\$4.50 From Indianapolis. Tickets good ten days. All trains stop and baggage checked to and from South Chicago, Grand Crossing and Englewood. within view of and only a short distance from the world's fair and adjacent hotels. Elegant Pullman buffet and parlor car leaving Indianafolis at 11:45 a. m. daily. Seats reserved on application to ticket agents, 48 West Washington street, 46 Jackson Place, Union Station, Massachusetts avenue, or W. F. BRUNNER, D. P. A., Indianapolis.

RAIN WET THE TRACK

Only the 2:15 Trot Decided at Terre Haute Yesterday.

Won by Pamlico in Straight Heats-Free-for-All Unfinished-Running Record Broken by Domino.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Sept. 29 .- With the cold, drizzifug rain that set in to-day, all hope of a brilliant close of the races vanished. Only one event had been decided when the rain had made the footing too dangerous to continue the free-for-all trot. Before the regular racing events there were several trials against time. To Order, a three-year-old, by Thistle, was sent to beat his pacing record of 2:14, and made the mile in 2:1234. Robin, a year-old Axtell colt out of Ozone, was given a trotting mark of

There was a good field of horses in the 2:15 trot, with Pamlico a strong favorite. Miss Alice brushed the stallion strong in two heats, and in the first made him go a faster mile than ever before. In the third heat the footing had become slippery, and was not suited to the bay mare's big stride,

Pamli co ending the race in 2:164. Pixley sold \$25 and Walter E. \$10 before the first heat of the free-for-all trot. In that heat the mare made several breaks and it was captured by Lord Clinton. The black trotter sprained his ankle after the heat and was drawn. Pixley captured the second heat, fighting it out with Walter E. They went at it hammer-and-tonge in the third. Walter E, coming with a rush at the finish, and so close was it that the judges declared it a dead heat. As Pixley had made a couple of breaks there was a strong protest against the decision, McHenry claiming that he was shead. Summaries:

2:15 trot; stake. \$2,000. Pamlice, b. h., by Leander-Birthday, by Daniel Lambert (Curtis).....1 Miss Alice, b. m. (Starr).....2 ack Sheppard, b. h. (Houston)..... Idolf, b. h. (Curry)5 Tissa, dn. f. (McVey)...... 6

Free-for-all trot; purse, \$2,000. (Unfin-Pixley, b. m., by Jay Gould, dam Loto by Gen. Washington (Dickerson)...... 5 Walter E., br. g., (MeHenry) 4 2 Nightingale, ch. m. (Geers) 2 Time-2:104, 2:114, 2:14.

Seymour Races Over, Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

SEYMOUR, Ind. Sept. 29 .- This was the last day of the Jackson county fair. The weather was cold and the sky overcast with clouds, which kept a great many away. The races were finished in a drizzling rain. Results: 2:40 class, pacing: purse, \$150. Ajax won;

Burmah second, Edward third, Best time, 2:25 class, trotting; purse, \$200. Actor won; Nutwood Chieftain second, Pauline third. Best time, 2:314. Running. one mile; purse, \$100. Little

Tom won: L. & N. second. Time, 1:58. Yesterday the races were as follows: 3:00 claus; pacing: purse, \$150. Edward C. won; Lelah W. second, Charlie D. third. Six heats: best time, 2:2914. 3:00 class; trotting; purse, \$150. Sheraldine won; Lexintoman second, Mica third. Best time, 2:5034. 2:25 class; pacing; purse, \$150. Richard B.

won; Burmah second, Mollie B. third. Best time, 2:2914. Running race; half-mile; purse, \$75. Little Tom won; L. & N. second, Bay Tom third. Best time, :56.

Slow Track at Bloomington.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLOOMINGTON, Ind., Sept. 29.-Another large crowd attended the Bloomington fair to-day and the races were good, though the track was slow. Results:

2:35 pace; purse, \$150. T. N. B. won; Bettie Battle second, Lord Clayton third. Best time, 2:20. 2:35 trot; purse, \$200. Mother Scott won; Lady Finch second, Silver Maid third. Best time, 2:25. Yearling trot; purse, \$50. Alty T. won; Jeddo Swift second, Pete Chamber third.

Best time, 1:47. County pace; purse, \$100. Bob Pierce won; Kelley M. second, Wild Tom third. Best time, 2:44.

LaPorte Races.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LAPORTE, Ind., Sept. 22.-The last day results of the LaPorte-county fair races 2:45 trot; purse, \$150. Billy won; Billy

Headlight second, Captain Denniston third. 2:30 pace: purse, \$200. Mamie Eaft won: Free-for-all trot: purse, \$300. Murdock won; Mab second, Dot L. third. Best time, Running; five-eighths of a mile and re-

peat; purse, \$100. Lon Hicks first, McGinty second. Best time, 1:03.

A RECORD BROKEN.

Domino Ran Six Furlongs in 1:09 and Won

the Rich Matron Stakes. MORRIS PARK, N. Y., Sept. 29 .- All sorts of weather revailed at Morris Park to-day. To begin with, it was as cold as a February day. Then the sun came out and shone feebly for a few minutes. This little pleasantry was promptly atoned for by a heavy shower. Correction downed the favorite in the first event, with something to spare. She had to run the race in record time to accomplish the feat, however. The five furlongs were made in :57 flat. Dr. Hasbrouck made this record a year ago on this track. Domino won the Matron stake in the remarkably fast time of 1:09 flat. This lowers the world's record for the distance three-quarters of a second. Taral rode the undefeated son of Himyar and Minnie Grey, with hands and feet in the final furlong, but he was by no means a mount. Domino was a prohibitive favorite. The gross value of Domino's stake was \$29,406. This grand two-yearold's winnings aggregate more than any other colt that ever ran. It was a great day for Himyar and Minnie Grey, as Domino's full sister, Correction, equaled the world's record in the first race. Domino's performance was far better than it appears. as Yemen carried twenty-two and onehalf pounds less when he made his record. At a meeting of the executive committee, held this afternoon, it was decided to prohibit time betting at this track. Results: First Race-Five furlong. Correction won; Dr. Hasbrouck second, Sirocco third. Time, :57.

Second Race-Six furlongs. Melba won; Sarah Ramey second, Reginald third. Time, 1:0934 Third Race-Six furlongs; Matron stakes. Domino won; Peacemaker second, Jack of Spades third. Time, 1:09. Fourth Race-Mile and one-quarter. Rudolph won; Banquet second, Terrifier third. Fifth Race-One mile. Nero won; Anna B. second, Bolero third. Time, 1:411/2.

Sixth Race-Five furlongs. Patrician

won; Black Hawk second, Assignee Midg-

ley third. Time, 1:034. Poor Day for Field Betters. CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 29 .- Three thousand spectators looked on at the Latonia races to-day. Three of the winners were favorites, and three were high-priced second-choice nags. Results:

First Race-Three-quarters of a mile. Eyelet won; May T. second, Uno third, Time, 1:154. Second Race-One mile. Larosa won; Sabine second, Sister Mary third. Time,

Third Race—Seven-eighths of a mile. Peabody won: Dolly McCone second, Miss May third. Time, 1:29.

Fourth Race-Five-eighths of a mile.
Buckrene won; The Kitten second, King Howard third. Time, 1:0142 Fifth Race-Nine-sixteenths of a mile.

Alethia Allen won; Cosmoline second, Messalin third. Time, :56.

Sixth Race—Theree-fourths of a mile.

Bessie Bisland won; Deceit second, Little
Annie third. Time, 1:15.

St. Louis Running Races. St. Louis, Sept. 29,-The weather was cloudy and cold to-day, and a small crowd saw the races at the fair grounds. Results: First Race-Five furlongs. Guard won;

Fannie Williams second, Willie G. third. Time, 1:04 %. Second Race-Four furlongs. South Park won; Miss Portland second, King Craft third. Time, :504.

Third Race—Six and one-half furlongs. Guido, won; Zed second, Minnie L. third. Time, 1:23. Fourth Race-Four furlongs. Gray Jacket, won: Governor Hill second; Winona thurd. Time, :511/2. Fifth Race-Five furlongs. Susie Nell, won, Tramp second, Cocheco third. Time,

Sixth Race-One mile. Rule Burrows, won; Bo Peep second, Royal Flush third. Time, 1:441/2. Mascot and Saladin Matched.

BUFFALO, Sept. 29. - William Perty Taylor, the owner of the pacer Mascot, has received word that James B. Green, the owner of Saladin, with a record of 2:05%, has offered to accept Mr. Taylor's challenge for a match race of \$2,500 a side the second week in October. The owner of the Delaware stallion pre fers the race to take place on the Clev cland track and Mr. Taylor says he will acquiesce, though he would be glad to have it contested here at the Buffalo Driving Park. Mascot and Saladin have met but once-at Kirkwood, Del., on July 4-on which occasion the latter passed the pacing champion in the home stretch as if he were standing still. Mascot is now in Baltimore waiting for an engagement next Tuesday, and his driver, Billy Andrews, has been telegraphed to prepare for the race.

NATIONAL BALL LEAGUE, Cleveland Again Defeats Philadelphia-Cincinnati Also Wins.

At Louisville-Louisville...... 0 0 4 0 2-6 7 0 Baltimore...... 0 0 0 0 0-0 3 5 Batteries-Kilroy and Grim; Hawke and Robinsop. Game called on account of rain. Cincinnati...2 2 6 0 0 0 0 0 0-10 9 2

Washington.0 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 410 3 Batteries-Parrott and Vaughn; Maul and O'Rourke. At Cleveland-Cleveland....0 0 3 3 0 2 0 2 0-1015 0 Phil'delphia.1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1-3 6 2

Pittsburg.....2 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0-4 9 0 New York....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0-3 6 1 Batteries-Colough and Mack; Ruste and Milli-

Batteries-Young and O'Connor; Carsey and

The St. Louis-Boston game was postponed ca account of wet grounds. There will be two games at St. Louis to-day. The Brooklyn-Chicago game was called on account of rain in the first half of the fourth inning. The score then stood 3 to 3. Two

games will be played to-day. Cricket Match at Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 29,-The Australian Cricketers, fresh from their voyage on the Germanic, started their match here to-day, and showed conclusively that they have

not yet lost their sea legs. They were handicapped considerably by having to start so soon, and the home players took every advantage of the opportunity offered them for securing a big total. The Australians fielded in magnificent style, but the bowling was away off, and the Philadelphians found it most easy to play. The game was not concluded to-day.

Bicycle Road Race. BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 29.-At 4 o'clock this afternoon sixty-four Pittsburg wheelmen started from in front of the postoffice, in this city, on a road race from here to Pittsburg. The distance is about 240 miles, and they expect to make it in about twentyfour hours. The racers were divided into four divisions.

WANTED TO MARRY A CHILD.

An Ohio Laborer Shoots a Little Girl and Then Kills Himself.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 29.-At Williamsburg, Clermont county, Ohio, last night, Milo Wilson, a laborer, shot and killed Iva Warman, aged eleven years, because her parents objected to his attentions to the child, with whom he said he was in love and wanted to marry. The murder was deliberately done in the presence of the girl's mother. The body of the murderer was found in the barn of Jeptha Lytle, to-day, not far from the scene of the crime. He had gone there and shot himself with the same revolver that he used on his victim.

The Seven Senses.

Harper's Young People. Robbie-Uncle Jacob, Mr. Tarbox said this morning that when he fell from the roof he had the seven senses knocked out of him. I thought there were only five

Uncle Jake-Dere is seben senses, honey, but ef dat man, or any udder man had um all, dey's a merrikle. Yaas, dere's seben ob 'um-hearin', seein', feelin', tastin', smellin' is de five 'at some folkes knows erbout. Den dere's hoss sense, wich some mules an' some white folkes ain't got, an' den, leassly, dere's common sense, w'ich is so oncommon 'at it nevah gits to be plenty, an mighty few people has it-at least in my time.

War on the Dubsites.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa., Sept. 29.-Suit has been brought here against Revs. Bale and Bartlett, of the Evangelical Church, to oust the men from their office. This is the outgrowth of the Bishop Dubs factional fight, and is the inauguration of a contest to the death between the two factions. Similar suits will be brought all over the country. Attorney Esher, of Chicago, is pushing the cases in behalf of his father, Bishop Esher.

Tin-Plate Works Will Close. ELIZABETH, N. J., Sept. 29.-The Morewood tin-plate works will close down permanently on Saturday, and the building will be sold at public sale. This ends the tin-plate manufacturing in this State, as the factory was one of the largest. Some of the employes will sail on Saturday for Wales, and others will go to Indiana to work in the tin-plate works there.

Yale Football Players Injured. NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 29.—During the football practice on Yale field yesterday two of Yale's best men were injured Butterworth, full-back, wrenched his ankle and Brown, tackle, it is thought, broke a rib. This may necessitate the latter's giving up football for the year.

Cleveland Solely to Blame. Atlanta Constitution.

Mr. Cleveland can have the repeat bill put through any day and any hour by telling the representatives of the people what he is willing to do for the interests of the people.

Mr. Joel H. Austin is a man very highly esteemed by all who know him. He is now pension attorney at Goshen, Ind., and was for 20 years a Baptist missionary minister. He says: "I suffered years with swelling of my limbs, at times very painful, especially at night. I could not sleep. I have tiken six bottles

of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and for weeks there has not been any swelling of my feet and limbs-I have also suffered for years with catarrh in

the head, which was working down into my

lungs. Since trying Hood's Sarsaparilla the pain in my head has stopped and I am positive of a perfect cure." Get Hood's. Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and effectively, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

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FOR SALE,

JACKSON PARK, CHICAGO.

Sealed bids for the purchase of the above building will be received by Fred J. Hayden, Treasurer, at Fort Wayne, Indiana, until the 15th day of October. Said building to be sold for cash, to be removed from Jackson Park, in accordance with the rules and regulations governing the removal of buildings from said park, as made by the Exposition Company. The following property is excepted from sale: Plate glass in building, stone mantel in lower hall, brick mantel in ladies' parior, the postoffice, the electric light and plumbing fixtures. All vids to be accompanied with a bond for five Bids will be opened at the meeting of the Execu-tive Committee in Indiana Building on Oct. 28, 1893. Purchase money to be paid within ten days after acceptance of bid. FRED J. HAYDEN, Fort Wayne, Ind. Sept. 8, 1893.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS,

125 North Delaware St. TELEPHONE 564.

DIED. WATSON-Thomas Claypool Watson, infant son of Thos. H. and Hannah C. Watson. Services at the residence of Judge S. Claypool, 1088 North Illinois street, at 2:30 p. m. Buriai private. JAMESON-Lydia. Friday, Sept. 29, aged sixty-five. Funeral from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. L. E. Webb, at Mt. Jackson, on Sunday, Oct. 1,

WANTED-MISCELLANE US. WANTED-INDIANAPOLIS NATIONAL Bank deposits. D. H. WILES, Vinton Block.

FINANCIAL. COANS-MONEY ON MORTGAGES. C. F. L. SAYLES, 75 East Market street.

MONEY TO LOAN-6 PER CENT. HORACE MCKAY, Room 11, Talbott & New's Block. T OANS-MONEY ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS L jewelry, without publicity. CITY LOAN OF FICE, 57 West Washington street.

C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market street. MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST MORTGAGE— Bonds, Consumers' Gas Tru-t Stock and Com-mercial Paper, bought and sold. W. H. HOBBS, 70 East Market street. MONEY TO LOAN ON FARMS AT THE LOW

est market rate; privileges for payment before We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY & CO., 72 East Market street, Indianapolis

NOTICE-THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Indiana Postal Telegraph Company, for the election of directors and such other bu-iness as may legally come before it, will be held at the office of the company, at No. 9 South Meridian street, Oct. 11, 1893, at 12 m. FRANK W. SAMUELS, Secretary. Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 30, 1893.

A repaired by WM. DEPUY. 47 Massachusetts av A NNOUNCEMENT-SAVE CAR FARE AND A rent. A light and airy suite of rooms in the Iron Block, modern fixings, suitable for small family or bachelors. Apply to A. METZGER, Agent. FOR RENT. OR RENT - TWO NICE UNFURNISHED

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